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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/577,849	04/28/2006	Chiaki Sotowa	Q78376	4869
23373 SUGHRUE MI	7590 03/09/201 ON, PLLC	EXAMINER		
	LVÁNIA AVENUE, N	GREGORIO, GUINEVER S		
WASHINGTO	N, DC 20037	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1793	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/09/2010	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/577,849	SOTOWA ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	

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	GUINEVER S. GREGORIO	1793	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>12 February 2010</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS	APPLICATION IN CONDITION FO	R ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Application (RCE) in compliance with 37 Comperiods:	replies: (1) an amendment, affidaviteal (with appeal fee) in compliance v	; or other evidence, v with 37 CFR 41.31; o	which places the r (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date	of the final rejection		
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire I	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth i ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing	date of the final rejection	on.
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(FIRST REPLY WAS FI	LED WITHIN TWO
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of exunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) NOTICE OF APPEAL	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.13 tension and the corresponding amount of shortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing date	of the fee. The appropri- nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee be action; or (2) as
NOTICE OF AFFEAL 2. ☐ The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp	liance with 37 CEP 41 37 must be f	iled within two month	e of the date of
filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed w	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
AMENDMENTS			
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, (a) They raise new issues that would require further co	nsideration and/or search (see NOT		cause
 (b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo (c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or 	•	lucing or simplifying t	he issues for
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).		cted claims.	
4. ☐ The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1. 5. ☐ Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)	21. See attached Notice of Non-Cor	mpliant Amendment (PTOL-324).
 Applicants reply has overcome the following rejection(s) Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s). 		imely filed amendme	nt canceling the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is proved the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		be entered and an e	xplanation of
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: <u>1, 2, 4-9, 12-22 and 28-33</u> .			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE	11 6 m an 11 1 1 65% Na	d 6A 1 11	il. ()
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to of showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	l and/or appellant fail	s to provide a
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanatio REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after er	itry is below or attach	ed.
 The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet. 	t does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:
12. Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s).	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
13.			
/Melvin Curtis Mayes/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1793	/GUINEVER S GREGO Examiner, Art Unit 1793	RIO/	
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Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant argues that Kitagawa et al. (U.S. Pat. No. 2002/0061445 A1) does not disclose or suggest the specified properties claimed which Examiner acknowledges but Examiner takes the position that the method recited by Kitagawa et al. does not appear to be patentably distinct from Applicant's method.

Kitagawa et al. teaches a carbonaceous powder prepared using a lumpy graphite powder as a nucleus then covering the graphite powder with a carbon precursor. Examiner believes the method recited by Kitagawa can be broadly interpreted to correspond with allowing the organic compound serving as a polymer source material to deposit onto the carbonaceous particles. Claim 1 specifically states "the organic compound serving as a polymer source material to deposit onto and/or permeate into the carbonaceous particles". Applicant has written the claims so that the carbon precursor permeating into the carbonaceous material is not necessary. Furthermore Kitagawa et al. teaches heating to a temperature range of 700 to 2800 °C which overlaps with Applicant's recited temperature range of 1800 to 3300 °C. Examiner appreciates Applicant attempt to distinguish Kitagawa from the claimed invention but Examiner would appreciate data showing a difference between Kitagawa's invention and Applicant's invention when the carbon material is produced in the overlapping temperature range. In other words, Examiner would appreciate data to show the difference between carbon materials produced at 1800 to 2800 °C by Kitagawa's method and Applicant method.

Applicant then argues that the rejection based on Wilde et al. (U.S. Pub. No. 2003/0194557 A1) should be withdrawn because the carbon material obtained by Applicant is a powder while the material obtained by Wilde et al. is paper. Unfortunately, Applicant does not specifically claim a carbon powder comprising carbonaceous particles and a carbon material derived from an organic compound etc. Applicant has claimed "A carbon material for a battery electrode, which comprises a carbon powder material as a composite of carbonaceous particles and a carbon material..." One of ordinary skill in the art could interpret the quoted statement to mean a composite comprising carbon powder, carbonaceous particles and a carbon material derived from an organic compound..." Wilde et al. teaches a composite comprising carbon fiber, graphitic particles and binder then heating up to a temperature of 2500 °C (paragraph 43-56). Examiner believes the proffered interpretation is reasonable and hence is not convinced that the claimed inventions is patentably distinct from Wilde et al.